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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	: Shell Tellus S2 VX 46
Product code	: 001F8433

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- stance/Mixture	: Hydraulic oil
Uses advised against	: This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the sup- plier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Belgian Shell NV/SA Kantersteen – Cantersteen 47 B-1000 Brussel - Bruxelles
Telephone Telefax Contact for Sefety Data	: (+32) 02508 9298 :
Contact for Safety Data Sheet	: If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +32 2 2167469

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)				
Hazard pictograms Signal word	:	No Hazard Symbol required No signal word		
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria.		
		HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under CLP criteria.		

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			DNMENTAL HAZARDS: ssified as environmental hazard according to
Pr	ecautionary statements	: Prevention: No prec	cautionary phrases.
		Response:	
		No prec	autionary phrases.
		Storage:	
		No prec	autionary phrases.
		Disposal:	
		No prec	autionary phrases.
Sa	fety data sheet available c	on request.	
Se	ensitising components	: Contains triazo May produce a	ole derivatives. In allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature	 Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regula- tion (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).
	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375- 34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01- 2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65- 0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01- 2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69- 9 (01-0000020163-82), 68649-12-7 (01-2119527646-33), 151006-60-9 (01-2119523580-47), 163149-28-8 (01- 2119543695-30), 64741-88-4 (01-2119488706-23), 64741-89- 5 (01-2119487067-30).

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Components Chemical name CAS-No. Classification Concentration EC-No. (% w/w) Index-No. Registration number Interchangeable low viscosity Not Assigned Asp. Tox. 1; H304 0 - 90 base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) * Triazole derivative 91273-04-0 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 0 - < 0,09 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 401-280-0 613-072-00-9 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

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	lf swalld	owed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantitie are swallowed, however, get medical advice.	
4.2 N	/lost im	portant symptoms ar	nd e	ffects, both acute	and delayed
Symptoms :		:	of black pustules a Ingestion may rest	signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. ult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.	
					ew hours following injection.
4.3 l	ndicatio	on of any immediate i	ned	ical attention and	special treatment needed
Treatment :		:	Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically. High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical inter- vention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- age and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seri- ousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of for- eign material should be performed under general anaesthet- ics, and wide exploration is essential.		
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures					
515	Tytingui	ishing media			
	-	e extinguishing media	:		v or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- may be used for small fires only.
	Unsuita media	ble extinguishing	:	Do not use water i	n a jet.
5.2 \$	Special	hazards arising from	the	substance or mix	ture

Specific hazards during fire- fighting	A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
---	--

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained
		Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in

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				. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to ls (e.g. Europe: EN469).
Specif ods	ic extinguishing meth-	:		measures that are appropriate to local cir- the surrounding environment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	:	6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:Avoid contact with skin and eyes.6.1.2 For emergency responders:Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
P Environmental precautions		

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions :	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
6.3 Methods and material for conta	inment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up :	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other

suitable material and dispose of properly.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Technical measures :	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling :	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.

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			Properly dispose rials in order to pr	of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- event fires.			
Produc	ct Transfer	:		Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.			
7.2 Condit	ions for safe storage,	inc	luding any incom	patibilities			
Further information on stor- age stability		:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. Store at ambient temperature.				
e Packaging material : S s		ering the packagi					
Contai	ner Advice	:		ainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.			
7.3 Specifi	c end use(s)						
Specif	ic use(s)	:	Not applicable				

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not As- signed	TLV 8 hr (Mist)	5 mg/m3	BE OEL
Oil mist, mineral		TLV 15 min (Mist)	10 mg/m3	BE OEL
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

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Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	:	If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.
Hand protection		
Remarks	:	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with break-through time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm

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		depending on t	ne glove make and model.
Skin a	and body protection	work clothes.	is not ordinarily required beyond standard ce to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Respiratory protection :		conditions of us In accordance w tions should be If engineering of tions to a level select respirato cific conditions Check with resp Where air-filteri priate combinat Select a filter su	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- taken to avoid breathing of material. ontrols do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ry protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. biratory protective equipment suppliers. ng respirators are suitable, select an appro- ion of mask and filter. uitable for combined particulate/organic gases ype A/Type P boiling point > 65°C (149°F)]

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Pl	hysical state	:	liquid
C	olour	:	clear
0	dour	:	Data not available
0	dour Threshold	:	Data not available
po	pur point	:	-36 °C Method: ISO 3016
Μ	elting / freezing point		Data not available
	itial boiling point and boiling nge	:	> 280 °Cestimated value(s)
FI	lammability		
	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
	Flammability (liquids)	:	Not classified as flammable but will burn.
Lo	ower explosion limit and uppe	ere	xplosion limit / flammability limit

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit /	:	Typical 10 %(V)
upper flammability limit		

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	Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
F	lash point	:	220 °C Method: ISO 259	02
А	uto-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C	
C	Decomposition temperature Decomposition tempera- ture	:	Data not availab	e
р	н	:	Not applicable	
V	′iscosity Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	е
	Viscosity, kinematic	:	46 mm2/s (40,0 ⁻ Method: ASTM [
			7,9 mm2/s (100 Method: ASTM [
			2630 mm2/s (-20 Method: ASTM [
S	Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	negligible	
	Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e
	Partition coefficient: n- ctanol/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
V	apour pressure	:	< 0,5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)
R	Relative density	:	0,856 (15 °C)	
D	Density	:	856 kg/m3 (15,0 Method: ISO 121	
R	Relative vapour density	:	> 5	
9.2 Ot	ther information			
E	xplosives	:	Classification Co	de: Not classified
C	Dxidizing properties	:	Data not availabl	e
F	lammability (liquids)	:	Not classified as	flammable but will burn.

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Evaporation rate		: Data not availab	ble
Conductivity		: This material is	not expected to be a static accumulator.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of :	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure alt-
exposure	hough exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5.000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Ski	n corrosion/irritation			
	<u>duct:</u> narks	:	can clog the pore acne/folliculitis.	o skin. eated skin contact without proper cleaning s of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil le data, the classification criteria are not met.
Ser	ious eye damage/eye irr	itati	ion	
	<u>duct:</u> narks	:	Slightly irritating to Based on availab	o the eye. le data, the classification criteria are not met.
Res	spiratory or skin sensitis	satio	on	
	<u>duct:</u> narks	:	Not a sensitiser.	d skin sensitisation: le data, the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Cor</u>	nponents:			
	azole derivative: narks	:	May cause an alle	ergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.
Ger	m cell mutagenicity			
	<u>duct:</u> notoxicity in vivo	:	Remarks: Non mu Based on availab	utagenic le data, the classification criteria are not met.
	m cell mutagenicity- As- sment	:	This product does categories 1A/1B.	not meet the criteria for classification in
Car	cinogenicity			
	<u>duct:</u> narks	:	Not a carcinogen. Based on availab	le data, the classification criteria are not met.
Rer	narks	:	carcinogenic in ar Highly refined mir	mineral oils of types shown to be non- nimal skin-painting studies. neral oils are not classified as carcinogenic al Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
Car	cinogenicity - Assess-	:	This product does	not meet the criteria for classification in

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ment		categories 1A/1B.
Mater	ial	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly	/ refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.
Repro	oductive toxicity	
<u>Produ</u>	uct:	
Effect	s on fertility	: Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria ar not met.
Repro sessm	oductive toxicity - As- nent	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
STOT	- single exposure	
<u>Produ</u> Rema		: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not me
STOT	- repeated exposure	
Produ		
Rema	ırks	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not me
Aspir	ation toxicity	
<u>Produ</u> Not ar		sed on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
1.2 Inform	nation on other hazar	ls
Furth	er information	
<u>Prodı</u> Rema		 Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal. ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.
Rema	ırks	: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.
Rema	ırks	: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

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	Remark	<s< td=""><td>:</td><td>Classifications by frameworks may e</td><td>other authorities under varying regulatory exist.</td></s<>	:	Classifications by frameworks may e	other authorities under varying regulatory exist.
SEC		12: Ecological infor	ma	tion	
12.1	Toxicit	У			
	Produc	<u>:t:</u>			
	Toxicity	r to fish	:	Remarks: Based on met. Practically non toxi LL/EL/IL50 > 100	
		to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	Remarks: Based on met. Practically non toxi LL/EL/IL50 > 100	
	Toxicity	to algae/aquatic plants	:	Remarks: Based on met. Practically non toxi LL/EL/IL50 > 100	
	Toxicity icity)	to fish (Chronic tox-	:	Remarks: Based on met.	available data, the classification criteria are not
		to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chron- ty)	:	Remarks: Based on met.	available data, the classification criteria are not
	Toxicity	to microorganisms	:	Remarks: Based on met.	available data, the classification criteria are not
	Compo	onents:			
		e derivative: or (Acute aquatic tox-	:	1	
	M-Facto toxicity)	or (Chronic aquatic	:	1	
12.2	Persist	tence and degradabil	ity		
	Produc	<u>:t:</u>			
	Biodegi	radability	:		ly biodegradable. are inherently biodegradable, but contains com- ersist in the environment.

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		Ir o: d: w te	A non-persistent oi f hydrocarbon fract istills at a temperat which, by volume, c	criteria. Ilution Compensation (IOPC) Fund definition: il is oil, which, at the time of shipment, consists tions, (a) at least 50% of which, by volume, sure of 340°C (645°F) and (b) at least 95% of listils at a temperature of 370°C (700°F) when Method D-86/78 or any subsequent revision
12.3 Bio	accumulative potential			
	duct: accumulation	: R	emarks: Contains	components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
12.4 Mo	bility in soil			
	duct:			
Mot	Shity	е		nder most environmental conditions., If it dsorb to soil particles and will not be mo-
		R	emarks: Floats o	n water.
12.5 Res	sults of PBT and vPvB a	ssessi	ment	
<u>Pro</u>	duct:			
Ass	essment			not contain any REACH registered sub- ssessed to be a PBT or a vPvB
	docrine disrupting prope data available	erties		
12.7 Oth	er adverse effects			
<u>Pro</u>	duct:			
Add mat	litional ecological infor- ion	ti P re	on potential or glob roduct is a mixture	e depletion potential, photochemical ozone crea- bal warming potential. of non-volatile components, which will not be y significant quantities under normal conditions
			oorly soluble mixto auses physical fou	ure. ling of aquatic organisms.
			Ineral oil does not oncentrations less t	cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms at than 1 mg/l.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1	Waste treatment methods		
	Product	:	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.
	Contaminated packaging	:	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
	Local legislation		
	Waste catalogue	:	
			EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):
	Waste Code	:	
			13 01 10*
	Remarks	:	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
			Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

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	ADN		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
	ADR		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
I	RID		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
-	IMDG IATA		:	Not regulated as a Not regulated as a	
14.2	UN pro	oper shipping name			
1	ADN		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
	ADR		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
I	RID		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
-	IMDG IATA		:	Not regulated as a Not regulated as a	
	-	oort hazard class(es)			
-	ADN		:		0 0
-	ADR		:	Not regulated as a	
	RID		:	Not regulated as a	5 5
-	IMDG IATA		:	Not regulated as a Not regulated as a	a a
14.4	Packin	ng group			
(ADN CDNI lı Agreen	nland Water Waste nent	:	Not regulated as a NST 3411 Minera	
1	ADR		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
I	RID		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
-	IMDG IATA		:	Not regulated as a Not regulated as a	a dangerous good a dangerous good
14.5	Enviro	nmental hazards			
1	ADN		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
1	ADR		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
I	RID		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
I	IMDG		:	Not regulated as a	a dangerous good
	-	I precautions for use	er		
I	Remarl	ks	:	for special precau	ns: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, tions which a user needs to be aware of or with in connection with transport.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

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2.1	21.09.2022	800010026147	Print Date 27.09.2022

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)	:	Not applicable
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)	:	Product is not subject to Authorisa- tion under REACH.

Volatile organic compounds : Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 0 %

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

REACH	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.

TSCA : All components listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

BE OEL / TLV 15 min

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.				
May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
Full text of other abbreviations				
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard				
Aspiration hazard				
Skin corrosion				
Skin sensitisation				
Belgium. Occupational exposure limit values				
Long term exposure limit				

:

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regula-

Short term exposure limit

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

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tion (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Training advice	:	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.
Other information	:	No Exposure Scenario annex is attached to this safety data sheet. It is a non-classified mixture containing hazardous sub- stances as detailed in Section 3; relevant information from Exposure Scenarios for the hazardous substances contained have been integrated into the core sections 1-16 of this SDS.
		A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific

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material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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